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NUMBER 35.

A. P. SMITH, WM. H. TURNLEY, CHAS. W. TYLER. A. F. SMITH & CO. (Successors to McClure & Courts,)

Tobacco Factors THE TO WAND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

CLARKSVILLE, . . . TENNESSEE. nes Special attention given to the sale of

TOBACCO. Freights and Produce promptly forwarded

ALPHOSZO P. SMITH. SMITH & TURNLEY. FOWRARDING

-AND-Commission Merchants -AND-

TOBACCO FACTORS 181 Pearl Street, (Cor. Cedar). RED RIVER LANDING, TENN.

UMBER, BOARDS AND SHINGLES, d always on hand.

Cousignments solicited from all quarters.

Dec. 7, '66-tf

B. H. FRASER, L. V. MARYE, F. P. BUCKNER of New Orleans. of Louisiana, of Ky. R. H. FRASER & CO., (Successors to R. H. Fraser,) Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

-AND-**General Commission Merchants** No. 19, UNION STREET.

NEW ORLEANS. No bills accepted without produce in

A. PHELPS. L. H. CALDWELL, J. C. DURRETT PHELPS, CALDWELL & CO. TOBACCO

Commission Merchants Office: Cor. of Main and Tenth Streets, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Storage Warehouses: cor. of Main and 10th, Main and 11th, and 10th and Walnut streets. Daily Auction Sales, with reserved bid to the seller. Proceed promptly Paid on day of Sale. Ship to "Louisville House."

J. M. DUDLEY, Agent. Jan. 4, 1867-3m

MARRIS, MILLER & CO., SHANE, BRLL & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio. Memphis, Tenn. BELL, HARRIS & CO., NEW OBLEANS, LA.,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors Tobacco Factors, General Commission Merchants.

Referring to the above, we respectfully solicit consignments from our friends.

Respectfully BELL, HARRIS & CO. References - Messrs. Beaumont & Co. Clarksville, Tenn.; D. N. Kennedy, Clarksville, Tenn.; Messra. Stratton, Chency & Roy, Nashville, Tenn.; Gen. R. L. Caruth

ers, Lebanon, Tena. Jan. 4, 1867-tf DIAMONDS. WATCHES

Silverware!

JEWELRY.

Sold at New York Prices. At the Old Stand-Public Square,

Dec. 15, '66-ly Clarksville, Tenn. J. F. MEHLHOPE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers IN ALL KINDS OF

FAMILY GROCERIES!

CONFECTIONARIES,

QUEENSWARE. FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Liquors, Wines, Fruits and Nuts,

CLARESVILLE, TENN. WE KEEP ON HAND A FULL ASSORT-VY ment of the above goods, and are de-termined to sell at the lowest cash prices, and deliver them any where in the city free

of charge. [Sept. 1. '66-1y. JOHN A. BRIDGLAND. A. RAWSON. JAMES B. BOUCE A. C. RAWSON.

BAWSON, BRIDGLAND & CO., Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 11, Broad St., NEW YORK.

Mesra. David Dows & Co., New York; Gil-Mera, David Bows & Co., New York; Glibert Ogborn & Co., Cincinnatt; Gregg & Rughes, Chicago; J. B. Alexander & Co., St. Louis; Wm. H. Morrison, Esq., Indianapolis, Ia.; Winslow, Lanier & Co., Bankers, New York; J. G. Barret, Esq., Cashier Citizens Bank, Louisville, Ky.; N. B. Curtis, Esq., Cashier First National Bank, Peorls, III.; James E. Reeves, Esq., Pres't First Na-tional Bank, Richmond, Ia.; F. S. Davis Pres't First National Bank, Memphis, Tenn

I will make liberal advances upon ents of Tobacco, or other produce, toove house. M. H. CLARK. the above house. M. H. Clarksville, Dec. 29, 1866-6m.

DR. BILLINGSLEY HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE AND Tobacco Sold at Auction or Privately recidence to the new frame building one door Nov. 2, 1806-1

GOLD, ROACH & CO., Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

Commission Merchants No. 28, Carondelet Street, NEW ORLEANS. November 9, 1866-12m\*

3. W. BLAREMORE, Late of Bacon, Clardy & Co.
S. M. PARKEN, Late of Louisville, Ky.
W. GRAY, Late of Bacon, Clardy & Co.

BLAKEMORE, PARKER & GRAY

(Successors to Bacon, Clardy & Co.)

NEW YORK, . Cotton and Tobacco Factors

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

J. W. EDWARDS.

Dec 14, '66-6mos

MURRELL & CO. (Successors to Murrell, Caruth & Co.) Tobacco and Cotton Factors. 106 PEARL STREET,

New York. T. F. PETTUS, Agent.

I will make advances in cash on Tobac or shipment to the above house, and atten specially to forwarding same. T. F. PETTUS.

B. M. TURNBULL & CO., Cotton and Tobacco Factors

-AND-Commission Merchants No. 9, Union Street. NEW ORLEANS.

Ma. S. B. SEAT, Agent, will attend to me king advances on Produce consigned to the firm. Sept. 14, 1866-1y\*

TORIAN, MACRAE & CO. COTTON AND

Commission Merchants No. 63, Carondelet Street, NEW ORLEANS. 1 will make liberal advances on ship

ents of produce to the above firm.

B. W. NACRAE, Jr. Sept. 14, 1866-6mo

ROGERS' HOUSE FURNISHING EMPORIUM Franklin Street, near the National Hotel, Clarksville, Tenn.

Constantly on hand, at lowest prices, full line of Gold Band, White, French, an Stone China, Glass and Silver Plated Wares Waiters, Table Cutlery, Ice Chests, Coal Oil and Lamps, and a complete stock of House Furnishing Goods. Oct. 26, '66-tf'

J. F. MEHLHOPE. AGENT FOR THE SALE OF Wilson Pitt's Whiskey

B. E. BEAD. MORGAN, READ & CO., Evansville

READ, MORGAN & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Boots and Shoes 138 Race St., bet. 3d and 4th,

CINCINNATI, O.

march 16, '66-1y PAINTING.

Paper Hanging, Glazing, &c., &c. W. P. Lindley,

DEALER IN WALL PAPER, WINDOW Fire Screens, Paints of Eve ry Description, Window Glass, Putty, &c.

Two or three good workmen wanted. Paints mixed ready for use. Shop at Fowler's Hall Sept. 14, 1866-tf

Established under City Ordinance in 1857 Wheeler Tobacco Warehouse.

PHISTER & BRO., Proprietors, NATIONAL HOTEL! For the Inspection and Sale of

Leaf Tobacco. 14 WEST FRONT STREET, Between Main and Walnut Streets, near the Steamboat Landing. CINCINNATI, OHIO.

AS OWNERS MAY DESIRE. AUction Sales Daily.

-AND-

Will keep constantly on hand all cinds of Lumber, Boards, cut and drawn Poplar Shingles. Nov. 30, 1866-tf

TOBACCO FACTORS.

TRICE'S LANDING, TENNESSEE.

HUTCHINGS & GRINTER. TOBACCO FACTORS,

IN THE FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE. Clarksville, Tenn.

Strict attention paid to the selling of Tobacco, Receiving and Forwarding Goods and Produce generally. We will pay toll across lower Red river bridge, upon all To-bacco coming to cur house. H. & G.

J. JAY BUCK. Late Judge Ad. Dist. Late Capt. U. S. A. Mid. Tenn.

BUCK & McMULLEN. ATTORNEYS AT LAW AND CLAIM AGENTS. Will practice in the State and Federal Courts.

H AVING served as officers in the U.S. Army, will have facilities to prosecute successfully all legitimate claims against the Clarksville, Tenn., Jan. 14, 1867-1f.

J. E. & C. D. Bailey, ATTORNEYS AT LAW CLARKSVILE, TENNESSEE.

Office on Strawberry Alley. November 22, 1866-ly

W. HUMPHREYS. HUMPHREYS & DANIEL. Attorneys at Law. Office on Strawberry Alley,

CLARKSVILLE, TENN. October 19, 1866--ly.

W. A. PEFFER, Attorney at Law and Claim Agent Office near the Court House, March 23, '66-tf. CLARKSVILLE.

MOORE'S HOTEL, Clarksville, Tenn., R. S. RUSSELL, Proprietor.

August 17, 1866-16.

cing peace and good order within their is not denied that the States in question have each of them an actual government, with all the powers, executive, judicial and legislative, which properly belong to a free State. They are organized like the other States of the Union, and like them, they make, administer and execute the laws which concern their domestic affairs. de facto government, exercising such func-tions as these is itself the law of States uppronounce the supreme lawmaking power of an established State illegal, is to say that vation of order, the suppression of crime, and the redress of private injuries are in sub-stance and principle the same as those which prevail in the Northern States and other civilized countries. They certainly have no elsewhere, offenders sometimes escape for want of vigorous prosecution, and occ ally, perhaps, by the inefficiency of courts of the prejudice of jurors. It is undoubtedly that these evils have been -much ncreased and aggravated both in the North nd South by the demoralizing influence of civil war, and by the rancorous passions which the contest has engendered; but that these people are maintaining local govern-ments for themselves which habitually defeat the object of all governments, and render their own lives and property i der their own lives and property insecure is in itself utterly improbable; and the argu-

upon its face that the establishment of peace and good order is not its real object. . The

TODROGO NOGICO.
THATES AGENT.

WILLIAM S. MCLURE,
TORNOSCO NOGICO.
THATE AGENT.

WILLIAM S. MCLURE,
TORNOSCO NO

choice.

Third, the sentence of a commission is not to be executed without approval by the commander, if it effects life or liberty, and a sentence of eastl must be approved by the President. This applies to cases in which there has been a trial and a sentence.—
I take it to be clear under the bill that the military commander may condemn to death without even the form of a trial by a military commission, so that the life of the condemn may depend on the will of two men instead of one. It is plain that the authority that is not stated, or so much as pretended. Ac'ual ty here given to the military officer amounts war, foreign invasion, domestic insurrection, and the cause of moral interest attentiate the constant period to the cause of the domination of a single person faith of it made thousands in both sections faith of it made thousands in both s

ty here given to the military officer amounts war, foreign invasion, domestic insurrection. but to absolute despotism. But to make it still none of these effect and none of these in fact withheld the power of Congress, and thas and political duty is unimpaired to arrest formal formal time. to absolute despotism. But to make it still to absolute despotism. But to make it still more unendurable, the bill provides that it may be delegated to as many subordinates as he chooses to appoint, for it declares he shall bunish or cause to be punished. Such a such as the constitution of constitutional law, and the power of these effect and none of these in fact withheld the power of Congress, and thus forbade its exercise by that body, and they provided in the Constitution that no State should pass any bill of attainder. It is therefore, impossible for any person in this countriation which can be seedered to a such as the power of these effect and none of these in fact withheld the power of Congress, and thus forbade its exercise by that body, and they provided in the Constitution that no State should pass any bill of attainder. It is therefore, impossible for any person in this countriation which can be addressly adhered to. in itself utterly improbable; and the argument of the bill to that effect is not supported by any evidence which has come to may be delegated to as many subordinates as he chooses to appoint, for it declares he shall punish or cause to be punished. Such a southern people, and those who control their public acts, while they entertain diverse opinions on questions of Federal policy, are completely united in the effort to reorganize their society on the basis of peace, and restore mutual prosperity as rapidly and astore mutual prosperity as rapidly and astorem their society as their circumstances, will permit. The hill, however, would seem to show the most abject and degrading slavers. condition, and every stranger within their real, so as to effectually close the courts and depose the civil authorities." We see that martial law comes in only when actual the over his slaves as the bill gives to military officers over both white and colored persons. It may be answered to this that officers of the angular property and right of the convenience. Not one of the constitution in its whole integrity and right of the convenience. Not one of the constitution in its whole integrity and right of the convenience of the doomed parties were excluded from all participation in the war closes courts and depose the civil authorities."

The representations of the doomed parties were excluded from all participation in the trial. The conviction is to be followed by that martial law operate as though we were in the most ignominous punishment ever inflict. The conviction is to be followed by the martial law operate as though we were in the most ignominous punishment ever inflict. and good order is not its real object. The fifth section declares that all the preceding sections shall cause to operate in any State where certain events have happened. These section of delegates to a State convention by election, at which negroes shall be allowed to vote.

2d. The formation of a State Constitution by the convention so chosen.

3d. The insertion into the State Constitution of a provision which will secure the safely transpare to mean of a provision which will secure to a salve and such white men as will not be disfranged and such white men as will not be disfranged for the consequence of the abrogation of civil authority. One more qualification. It follows, from what has been said on this subject that there are occasions where martial aw can be expended as the provision they would be found broad enough the convention of a provision which will secure the safely transpare to safely transpare to the remarks and objects of the continuation of a provision which will secure the safely transpare to the safely transpare to the subjects and come all the subjects and come and such white men as will not be disfranged to the subjects and come and such white men as will not be disfranged to the subjects and come.

It may be answered to this that of actual way are too magnanimous, just and humane to oppress and trample upon a satingated people. Id on the theory and the consequence of the abrogation of civil authority. One more qualification. It follows, from what has been said on this subject that there are occasions where martial at wo operate as thong the consequence of the abrogation of civil authority. One more qualification. It follows, from what has been asid on this subject that there are occasions where martial the most ignominous punishment ever inflict to the most ignominous punishment ever inflict to the consequence of the abrogation of civil authority. One more qualification. It follows, from what has been asid on this subject that there are occasions where martial at the convention is to be fol

and succontained, and termination, and the manifest of the supplementation were defeated and part down. It is single rule, such a tribunal would be used much more probably to divide the responsibility of making it more cruel or unjust.

Several provisions, dictated by the humanity of Congress, have been inserted in the bill apparently to restrict in the power of the commanding officer, but it seems to me that they are of no avail for that purpose. The commanding officer, but it seems to me that they are of no avail for that purpose. The commanding officer, but it seems to me that they are of no avail for that purpose. The boundard of the commanding officer, but it seems to me that they are of no avail for that purpose. The boundard of the commanding officer, but it is ease to me that they are of no avail for that purpose. The boundard of the commanding officer, but it is ease to me that they are of no avail for that purpose. The boundard of the commanding officer, but it is ease to me that they are of no avail for that purpose. The boundard of the commanding officer, but it is ease to me that they are of no avail for that purpose. The boundard of the commanding officer, but it is ease to me that they are of no avail for that purpose. The boundard of the commanding officer, but it is ease to the provides, first, that trial shall not be unspected, but, I think I have selves.

If you can be the privilege of the will of one in a subject to the will of one in the provide and the provides are them to the infamp the provides and the provides are the power of the commanding officer, but it is ease to the will of one in the provide and the provides are right of voting at all elections to negroes and such white men as will not be disfranchised for rebellion or felonies.

4th. The submission of the Constitution for ratification to negroes and white men not disfranchised and its actual ratification by their vote.

5th. The submission of the State Constitution for Congress for examination and actual approval of it by that body.

6th. The adoption of a certain ameedment by the Federal Constitution of a certain ameedment to the Federal Constitution by the Federal Constitution of a certain ameedment by Constitution.

7th. The adoption of said amendment by The Adoption of the Constitution and actual in the Adoption of the Constitution and said again the Adoption of the Constitution and actual approval of it by that body.

6th. The adoption of the Constitution of the State Constitution and actual approval of it by that body.

6th. The adoption of the Constitution of the minimal proval of the the subjects and come at the power, and sent the power is left but the military, and it alone to govern by martial rule until laws can have of the themselves.

7th. The adoption of the Constitution of the minimal proval of the themselves.

8th At a subject to the subjects and come among them as the representatives of a displace to the constitution and constitution and actual power is left but the military, and it alone to govern but at alone to the themselves.

1 now quote from the opinion of the minimal rule until laws can have of the themselves.

1 now quote from the military, and it alone to govern but at alone to the minimal rule until laws can have of the themselves.

1 now quote from the deprive of themselves.

1 now quote from the power and all states, there can be no just from any of the themselves.

2 th